SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT FACT SHEET Massachusetts Department of Public Health, Bureau of Substance Abuse Services

This fact sheet contains information about the impact of alcohol and other drug use in the Seventh Middlesex Representative District. Admission data were reported to the Bureau of Substance Abuse Services (BSAS) Substance Abuse Management Information System in FY 2002.

Residents of Seventh Middlesex Representative District

Characteristics of Admissions

In FY 2002, there were 124,539 admissions to licensed substance abuse treatment services in all of Massachusetts; 1.6% (1,936) of these admissions reside in the Seventh Middlesex Representative District. 2% (45) of admissions from the Seventh Middlesex Representative District were under 17 years of age. Please note that these statistics represent only individual admissions, and represent a figure lower than the actual number of constituents in need of treatment services. In FY 2002, admissions to all residential and outpatient substance abuse treatment services from the Seventh Middlesex Representative District reported the following characteristics:

- 66% were male and 34% were female.
- 66% were between the ages of 30-49.
- 72% were white non-Latino, 11% were black non-Latino, 13% were Latino, and 4% were other racial categories.
- 60% were never married, 13% were married, and 27% reported not to be married now.
- 27% had less than high school education, 50% completed high school, and 23% had more than high school education.
- 33% were employed.
- 22% were homeless.
- 35% had prior mental health treatment.

Primary Substance of Use

At admission clients also identify a "primary drug" of use that is the substance for which the client is seeking treatment. Table 1 compares the proportional distribution of primary drugs in Massachusetts with that for the Seventh Middlesex Representative District.

Table 1 Primary Drug by District and State FY 2002									
	Alcohol	Heroin	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack				
District	53%	27%	7%	4%	5%				
State	45%	37%	6%	4%	3%				

Substances Used in Past Year

Upon entering treatment, each client is asked to report ALL substances used in the past year (12 months) prior to admission. Admissions frequently report using more than one substance within the year. The use of more than one psychoactive substance, such as alcohol and marijuana, is referred to as 'polydrug' or 'polysubstance' use.

Table 2 shows ALL substances which clients reported using in the year prior to admission, as well as the prevalence of injection drug users (or IDU's), individuals who use a needle to ingest cocaine, crack, heroin or another drug to get high.

Table 2 Annual Admissions by Substance Used: FY 1995 – FY 2002										
Seventh Middlesex Representative District										
	Total	Alcohol	Marijuana	Cocaine	Crack	Heroin	IDU			
FY '95	1,332	993	266	519	254	516	364			
FY '96	1,647	1,232	420	636	357	659	515			
FY '97	1,367	1,032	348	511	282	468	358			
FY '98	1,366	982	311	415	234	458	370			
FY '99	1,546	1,171	428	463	316	502	369			
FY '00	1,817	1,308	448	456	291	613	480			
FY '01	1,909	1,398	476	467	306	667	478			
FY '02	1,936	1,409	463	422	337	593	458			

Heroin and Injection Drug Use

Figure 1 below shows the proportional increases in all admissions in the Seventh Middlesex Representative District and the proportional increase in admissions reporting heroin and injection drug use, a factor driving increases in HIV.

